GUIDELINES

FOR THE

COUNSELING MASTER’S PROJECT

2014-2015

(revised August 20, 2014)
Includes guidelines for submitting theses to ProQuest
Based on APA Publication Manual, 6th ed., 2010
# Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION ........................................................................................................... 1
PLANNING THE RESEARCH COMPONENT .................................................................. 2
CANDIDACY FOR DEGREE ......................................................................................... 3
ADVISORS ................................................................................................................... 4
TIMELINE CHECKLIST ................................................................................................. 5
PRELIMINARY STRATEGIES ......................................................................................... 9
SELECTING YOUR TOPIC ......................................................................................... 10
LITERATURE REVIEW ................................................................................................. 11
CRITERIA FOR EVALUATING A RESEARCH STUDY .................................................... 14
GETTING READY TO WRITE ..................................................................................... 15
YOUR COMMITTEE ....................................................................................................... 17
ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHAIRS AND READERS .................................... 19
MEETING WITH YOUR COMMITTEE ............................................................................ 21
ENROLLING IN THE FINAL COURSE .......................................................................... 22
MAJOR SECTIONS OF THE COUNSELING MASTER’S PROJECT ................................. 23
REQUIREMENTS FOR TYPING AND FORMATTING YOUR PROJECT .......................... 26
ADDITIONAL TIPS ....................................................................................................... 27
COPYRIGHT ............................................................................................................... 28
HEADINGS .................................................................................................................. 29
APPENDICES ............................................................................................................. 33
APPENDIX A ............................................................................................................... 34
APPENDIX B ............................................................................................................... 35
APPENDIX C ............................................................................................................... 36
APPENDIX D ............................................................................................................... 37
APPENDIX E ............................................................................................................... 48
APPENDIX F ............................................................................................................... 49
APPENDIX G ............................................................................................................... 50
APPENDIX H ............................................................................................................... 51
APPENDIX I ............................................................................................................... 54
APPENDIX K ............................................................................................................... 56
Note: The information, including formatting instructions, in these Guidelines supersedes any instructions given in previous versions of the Guidelines.
INTRODUCTION

Theses (including action research projects), synthesis projects, and counseling master’s projects are the culminating activities that integrate the knowledge and skills acquired during the master's degree program of study. The work submitted for a master’s degree is expected to reflect the graduate student’s highest level of scholarship and adherence to the technical details of the format and style set forth by the American Psychological Association (APA).

The Kalmanovitz School of Education at Saint Mary's College of California offers two types of master's degrees: the Master of Arts (M.A.) and the Master of Education (M.Ed.). To fulfill the requirements for the degree that the graduate student has selected, a thesis, synthesis project, counseling master’s project, or action research project must be completed and approved.

Theses (including action research projects), synthesis projects, and counseling master’s projects must be written following the most current *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (APA) guidelines, *APA Publication Manual, 6th ed.*, 2010.

The purpose of this book is to provide general guidelines for the completion of the culminating activity with a specific focus on the counseling master’s project.

COUNSELING MASTER’S PROJECT

The counseling master’s project is an in-depth, graduate level term paper. It is a thorough study of a specific counseling topic that results in a written synthesis of the literature, assessing both the problem and at least one way to best address the issue from a counselor’s perspective. The purpose of the project is to master the literature on a particular topic and to integrate this information into a clinical or program application that addresses the identified issue. The process necessitates currency in an application of the counseling literature to a particular psychological need, problem, diagnosis, and/or clinical/student population. Projects may also address community-, school- or college-based problems or needs relevant to the role of the counselor or college student professional. The proposal of a new or integrated psychological theory is also acceptable.

Once the research and other literature on the topic is studied, it is synthesized into a culminating paper that includes a theoretical rationale supporting the focus of the study, a review of the literature, and an application of this material to the community, school, relational or clinical issue. The application may be a well-designed and feasible prevention model; treatment plan; college, school, or family based program; or other counseling/clinical approaches supported by counseling or psychological theory and research. The paper culminates with a discussion about the project as a whole, including any limitations, implications for the field, and suggestions for additional counseling applications and research.

This culminating activity is intended to be immediately useful to counselors. The graduate students may have the opportunity in their field experience, internship, or worksite to implement their proposed plan, assess its effectiveness informally, and include one or two case students or a program evaluation in their master’s project. Also, the graduate may choose to use this project in the future as a foundation for writing a grant or program proposal for their place of work.
PLANNING THE RESEARCH COMPONENT

It is important that you carefully plan the sequence of courses and requirements as you approach the final stages of your graduate work. Advanced planning helps to insure that the necessary requirements for enrolling in the research courses have been completed, that you will not be overly delayed in completing the counseling master’s project, and that you receive your degree as planned.

The courses that comprise the research component of the master’s degree programs are as follows:

**Introduction to Counseling Research (COUN 500) — 1 unit**

1. **This course is only for students in the Graduate Counseling Department.**
2. MA in Counseling students (except school psychology) are to take this course during their first term in the program.
3. This introductory course includes an overview of the purpose and types of research, library research skills, critical reading of research, and identifying possible topics for your own research.
4. Passing COUN 500 with a grade of B- or better is a prerequisite for EDUC 572.
5. MA in Counseling students are required to take EDUC 572 Research Seminar I; they are not required to take EDUC 582 Research Seminar II unless they are doing a traditional thesis. Students in school psychology do a traditional thesis and are required to take both EDUC 572 and 582.

**Research Seminar I (EDUC 572) — 3 units**

Research Seminar I includes an examination of the process of educational and counseling research, types of research design, critical evaluation of research studies and measurement techniques, and understanding of relevant statistical concepts. During this course students define their area of interest for the thesis or project and narrow the specific focus with help from an advisor and/or faculty member who may become a reader or chair for their work. The research topic must be approved by the program coordinator as well as the chair and reader. Graduate students demonstrate and apply their knowledge of research designs by drafting the first chapter of their thesis or project, which includes the statement of the problem, purpose of the project, basic assumptions, and definition of terms. In addition, initial drafts of the theoretical rationale and plan for the project are completed in first versions of Chapters II and III. During this course students arrange for a project chairperson and reader with their advisor. By the conclusion of this course students should have their chair. **Prerequisite: Passing the Writing Proficiency Exam.**
Counseling Master’s Project (COUN 550) — 3 units

The counseling project is completed on an individual basis with your chair and reader, who serve as your committee after completing the research course.

The first semester you register for this course you must register for and pay for the full 3-unit tuition. You must register for COUN 550-01 the first semester you take this course.

If the work is not completed in the term in which you have first enrolled in this course, you must take an “In-Progress” (IP) grade and enroll in counseling master’s project-In-Progress (COUN 550-IP) each Fall and Spring Semesters until the counseling project is completed. The “In-Progress” status is necessary so that you may continue to confer with your chair and reader(s) and continue to have use of the library facilities. A fee is assessed for the “In-Progress” status each semester.

Time Limit for the Master’s Degree

The maximum completion time allowed for a master’s degree is five (5) years. The time limit for completion of the counseling master’s project is two (2) years after completing the EDUC 572 Research Seminar I course. If you do not finish within two years, you must repeat EDUC 572.

CANDIDACY FOR DEGREE

During the term in which you expect to finish all of your degree requirements, including your counseling master’s project, you need to complete a Graduate Commencement Registration Form by the deadline for the term in which you are graduating, which is posted on the KSOE website and file it in the KSOE office. The mandatory graduate commencement and degree processing fee must also be paid at that time.

In addition, once your degree work is fully completed you will need to submit the Degree Verification and ProQuest Approval Form. This form can also be found on the KSOE website. There is no deadline for this form, but you must submit it in order for your degree to be processed. Therefore, the sooner after completion of your degree requirements you submit the form, the sooner your degree will be processed.
ADVISORS

There are various levels and types of support provided for you, as a master's degree candidate, throughout the program.

- A department chair, coordinator, or admissions intake counselor of a particular master’s degree program is usually your initial contact person for entrance into the master’s degree program. This person may continue to advise in other roles as well, such as being your advisor or the chair of your faculty project advisory committee.

- If your master's degree is built upon a credential or certificate from Saint Mary's College, the advisor (department chair or faculty member) who guided you through that coursework may continue to be your advisor in the master’s degree program.

- If you did not complete a credential or certificate program at Saint Mary’s College, an advisor will be assigned to you when you are admitted to the master’s degree program.

- The master’s degree department chairs or coordinators are responsible for general organizational issues and policies and may be contacted at any point in the program for assistance.
TIMELINE CHECKLIST

Student's Name ___________________________ Date ___________________________

DUE DATE

_____________ 1. Discuss Possible Topics with Several Faculty Members. Explore topics with your advisor and other department faculty early in the program. Identify mutual research interests and the availability of faculty to be on your committee. If you do not have any ideas, talk with some of the faculty in your department.

_____________ 2. Take and Pass the Writing Proficiency Exam. You may want to take a writing and grammar course to support your academic writing abilities regardless of whether you pass the exam. The Kalmanovitz School of Education offers EDUC 501 Composition and Grammar to support students with grammar and writing. Students admitted after July 1, 2007, who fail the Writing Proficiency Exam, are required to take EDUC 501 or an approved writing course, then retake the exam.

_____________ 3. Consult your Advisor and/or Program Coordinator Regarding your Counseling Master’s Project Committee. Once you have decided on your topic, your advisor, department chair, and/or program coordinator will help you select a counseling project chairperson. This chairperson will be the primary mentor for your study. Your chair may be any full-time faculty member at Saint Mary’s College and should have expertise in the subject or issue you plan to investigate. Consult with your chair about the selection of your reader, who is the second member of your committee. Your advisory committee must have at least two faculty members, at least one of whom should be a full-time member in your program or school. Some faculty may request the submission of a written proposal (Step 6) prior to making any commitments. Fill out the Initial Chair and Reader Approval Sheet in Appendix A and obtain the signatures of your chair and reader and the program coordinator on the form. Make a copy of the form for the committee members and your program coordinator. This form should be submitted to the instructor of EDUC 572. Be sure to make copies of your Timeline Checklist for each member of your committee.
4. **Take Research Courses.** Consult with your advisor early in the program as to when you should take these courses.

You should become familiar with the *Publication Manual of the American Psychology Association* (APA), *APA Publication Manual (6th ed., 2010)*. Every chapter has information on how to write correctly and professionally.

Counseling Master’s Project students should take COUN 500 their first semester or term in the program. All students are required to take Research Seminar I (EDUC 572). All school psychology students and other students who are doing a traditional thesis are also required to take EDUC 582 Research Seminar II. Discuss with your advisor when to take the research seminar courses and COUN 550 Counseling Master’s Project or Thesis.

5. **Select Your Topic.** With the guidance of your committee chair and other members, select a specific topic to study.

6. **Review the Research Literature, Finalize Your Research Question(s) or Problem (Issue), and Write Your Proposal.**

   **Counseling Project Students.** Focus on a specific counseling issue (need, problem, concern, diagnosis, etc.): Chapter I, which serves as a proposal, identifies a need or problem through a review of the literature (Background or History of the Problem); summarizes this problem briefly (Statement of the Problem); and in a few paragraphs, introduces the purpose of the paper, including the theoretical rationale and a research-supported therapeutic and/or school - or community-based counseling related approach to address this issue (Purpose and Significance of the Project).

7. **Reserve an Editor.** You may need to hire an editor who is familiar with APA style to assist with your writing. It is not the responsibility of your chair or committee member(s) to edit your paper. Be sure to discuss timing and fees with the editor. Please refer to Appendix B for recommended editors. Appendix B also includes a list of writing tutors you may hire to assist with grammar and composition (but not APA style).
8. **Acquire Any Needed Copyright Clearances.** Your chair (and duplicating services) can assist you in obtaining copyright clearances for materials used, if necessary. (If you quote more than one paragraph from another author or if you duplicate a copyrighted text or questionnaire for your research, you will need to obtain written permission to copy this material from the publisher or person holding the copyright.)

9. **Formal Approval of Proposal by Committee.** After completing your proposal (Chapter I) submit it to your chair and reader for approval.

10. **Register for COUN 550 (Counseling Master’s Project).** **Do not begin your project until you have met with your committee members and been given their approval.** **VERY IMPORTANT:** If you do not finish that semester, you need to register for COUN 550.02 IP (In Progress) each additional semester until you complete your work. (This includes Summer and January Terms only if you plan to finish during one of those terms.)

11. **Carry out your Counseling Master’s Project.** If you are doing a Counseling Master’s Project, carry out the plans you specified in your proposal, with guidance from your chair and committee.

12. **Apply for Graduation.** Once you have completed your study or project and are close to a final draft, complete the Graduate Commencement Registration Form, which can be found on the KSOE website. Fill out the form completely and submit it along with the required materials by the deadline posted on the KSOE website for that term to the KSOE front desk. The mandatory graduate commencement and degree processing fee must also be paid at that time.

13. **Complete Your Final Chapters.**

**Counseling Project Students.** Write a two to three page outline of each chapter (Chapters II, III, and IV) and work with your chair to determine the final format for each chapter. If planning to implement your “application” and writing up one or two case studies or some form of program evaluation, first consult with your chair. You must obtain permission from the Institutional Review Board and may need written approval of your SMC placement coordinator, your campus and/or site supervisor, and of the school or agency where you plan to implement your ideas. An evaluation component is written up as Chapter IV Results.
Submit the Complete Project Your Committee. Include the Abstract, Table of Contents, Tables or Figures, References, Appendices and any other material that will be in your final document. After your chair has approved your entire counseling master’s project, make copies for each of your committee members. Consult with your committee members in advance to ascertain how much time they need to review your counseling master’s project. **Most faculty require a minimum of four weeks to read your final draft. Allow yourself additional time to make final changes based on their recommendations and final consultations with your chair.**

Revise and resubmit your counseling master’s project to your chair and committee members as is necessary until final approval has been obtained. Send the final draft to the editor to ensure APA style is correct throughout.

Once your chair and reader approve your thesis and you have uploaded the document to ProQuest, you must have the signature page signed by your committee. The signature page (with your signature) should be submitted to the front desk for processing and routing. You will receive a pdf copy of the signed signature page once it has been signed by the committee via email.

Submit your counseling master’s project to ProQuest (see pp. 54-55 for directions). You will need to embed the fonts and make your paper into a PDF; directions for how to do these steps are on the ProQuest website. Please note that there are no actual signatures on the signature page submitted to ProQuest.

You may order copies of your project for yourself through ProQuest; the various options and costs are detailed on the website. You may also have bound copies made for yourself by a bindery of your choice.

Once your degree work is fully completed you will need to submit the Degree Verification and ProQuest Approval Form. This form can also be found on the KSOE website. There is no deadline for this form, but you must submit it in order for your degree to be processed. Therefore, the sooner after completion of your degree requirements you submit the form, the sooner your degree will be processed.

Graduate and Celebrate!!!
PRELIMINARY STRATEGIES

1. Start an ongoing list of topics and ideas that intrigue you, unanswered questions, and areas of need in your professional field. Keep an ongoing list in a file that also includes pertinent references, lecture notes, contacts, and resources.

2. When you are able to focus on a topic of interest, use that topic, whenever possible, for class assignments. In this way, you can begin to build your reference file, explore the literature, and formulate your thoughts. Also, you will receive valuable feedback from the professors of your classes.

3. Early evaluation of your formal writing skill is important. You must pass the Writing Proficiency Exam in order to obtain unconditional acceptance into the master’s degree program and complete the research coursework. If you feel inadequate in this area, seek help by enrolling in a writing class, start using writing guidebooks, use a tutor, and consult with professors. You may also obtain writing help and support through the Center for Writing Across the Curriculum (CWAC), which offers free writing advising to all students. CWAC is located in Dante 202 and may be reached via the website: www.stmarys-ca.edu/center-for-writing-across-the-curriculum.

Be aware that the style of writing for a counseling master’s project is formal: clear, concise, non-biased, straightforward, and non-creative. This style may take some practice, especially if you have been used to writing creatively and personally. Learn APA Style and use it in writing your assigned papers for your classes in order to increase your proficiency with it.

4. Become familiar with the campus library and the systems for locating reference materials. Seek assistance from the reference librarians in the SMC Library.
SELECTING YOUR TOPIC

1. Choose an area in which you have a strong and sustained interest - a passion, personal investment, or determined commitment. When the outcome is important to you, it is easier to stay motivated and persevere during some of the difficult phases.

2. Take the earliest opportunity to do some reading in several areas of interest. If you are having a difficult time selecting a researchable topic, consider some of these sources:
   - Recent journal articles are an excellent way to identify topics of current interest in your field.
   - You may also have a specific need for materials as a result of your work in the field that would make a good topic for a counseling master’s project.
   - Project needs can also come from practitioners who are on the frontlines and most immediately in touch with educational and clinical issues.
   - Meet the faculty who are teaching in the area of your interest and ask for resources.

3. There are several factors to keep in mind when selecting a topic:
   - Is it a realistic project in the allotted time frame?
   - Will a project on this topic advance your professional development and/or career goals?
   - Will a project on this topic fulfill the purposes of the counseling master’s project: (a) allow you to demonstrate your ability to develop a counseling product, and (b) make a contribution to knowledge that can then be documented and disseminated?

4. Choosing your topic, narrowing your focus to a manageable problem, and posing the research questions are often difficult tasks. Close work with your advisor or committee on this component is a key to success.
LITERATURE REVIEW

A review of the literature is a thorough synthesis of published theoretical positions and research studies relevant to the topic selected for the counseling master’s project.

If you pick a broad topic, you will find too much information and need to narrow your scope. If the topic is too narrow, you may find few studies and need to incorporate related materials. For example, "Reading" is a topic about which thousands of books and tens of thousands of research articles have been written. In addition, there are many theoretical positions that need to be considered when reviewing the literature. It is clear that the topic of reading is too broad and, therefore, the topic needs to be narrowed. Conversely, a topic such as “Effects of Sensory-Motor Integration on Reading Achievement” may prove to be too narrow during the search of the literature to enable a comprehensive view of the underlying knowledge base in the area being investigated.

The research coursework provides guidance for your literature search and narrowing of your topic. However, whatever preliminary study you can do in your area of interest prior to enrollment in the course will significantly enhance your progress.

A student usually considers several possible topics prior to selecting a final topic and formulating a project topic. Sometimes it is difficult to come up with a specific idea for a topic. For any possible topic, there is normally a wealth of associated literature. The leap from topic and problem to purpose normally requires an extended period of time spent reviewing the relevant research literature. It is likely that first attempts at formulating a research question might be revised given the findings of the literature you review.

While every step in the process is important, an organized and thorough review of the literature is essential in determining the ultimate success or failure of the project. A complete review provides the foundation for the entire project. The literature search gives the project developer the perspective to see what has already been done, how it was done, what was discovered, and what is needed next.

Your review of the literature on your selected topic provides a rationale and historical context for your project application. Organize your review with sub-headings that follow a logical outline that supports your project purpose. Begin with a general introduction and move toward the specifics; explore the historical (older) material and progress to the recent developments. Cite numerous supportive papers and studies, but only review the studies and theoretical papers that are directly relevant to your particular project purpose, issue, and proposed application.

- Discuss older research/literature first, then the more recent.
- Organized into sections.
- Related to the project purpose.

In addition to an overview and organized presentation of the literature on your topic, this review section usually includes a rigorous summary and critique of key studies pertinent to your paper. Written in one or two paragraphs, summaries of key research studies include information about the following:
- Participants: How many and who? What age or ethnicity (if relevant)?
- Procedures: How?
- Results: Main findings. Researcher’s interpretation of the findings; any noteworthy limitations or applications to your study.
- Critique: Your evaluation of the study and significance of the results (internal and external validity, generalizability, credible findings and interpretations, etc.).

In the review of the literature you establish the need for your counseling master’s project.

You know when you have completed your literature review because sources begin to repeat themselves.

**Sources for Your Literature Review**

A literature review reports research findings, not textbook excerpts, general magazine articles, or opinion pieces. There are generally several types of sources that must be consulted to produce a well-documented literature review.

1. **General Sources**: These provide information on the location of references. Included in this category are the periodic volumes that abstract the research literature by author and subject area in a variety of fields (e.g., *Current Index on Journals in Education, Exceptional Child Abstracts, Psychological Abstracts, the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature*). One useful source is *The Statistical Abstract of the United States*, which is the annual national demographic book.

2. **Secondary Sources**: These include scholarly summaries in the form of meta-analyses and syntheses of previous research. For example, the American Educational Research Association (AERA) publishes the *Review of Educational Research*, which presents research summaries written by experts in their respective fields. Other excellent sources are: *The Handbook on Research on Teaching, the Encyclopedia of Educational Research*, and the *National Society for the Study of Education Yearbook*.

3. **Primary Sources**: These are accounts of actual research studies as reported in professional journals or in compilations of abstracts of student research (e.g., Dissertation Abstracts). Peer reviewed research journals are the most valuable source of information about the latest research published in a particular area. For example, some of the top publications in special education include: *Academic Therapy, American Annals of the Deaf, American Journal of Mental Deficiency, Education of the Visually Handicapped, Exceptional Children, Gifted Child Quarterly, Journal of the Association for the Severely Handicapped, Journal of Learning Disabilities, Journal of Special Education*, and the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Research*.

The SMC Library has an extensive list of its journals in the Reference Room. If the Library does not have the journal you need, ask the reference librarian for assistance with **Link-Plus** and the **inter-library loan system**. Most articles, dissertations and some theses are
available. In addition, some ‘full text’ articles are available online through the Saint Mary’s Library web site.

4. **Other Resources**: Sometimes in order to fully review the literature on your topic, you need to be a detective and investigate less accessible sources of information. These sources might include unpublished reports, conference papers, government monographs, and personal communications with other researchers in the field.

**Using the Computer for Literature Searches**

Most university libraries offer incredible resources for accessing information through the use of online computer reference searches. There are obvious advantages to online searches. For instance, ERIC documents can be downloaded or sent to your email address in full text. Using descriptor terms associated with the topic being searched, citation and abstract information can be listed on the computer screen and/or printed out.

Another advantage is the thoroughness of the online system. The information is both current and very complete in providing access to tens of thousands of documents. Most university libraries provide access to a variety of databases free of charge to enrolled students. Reference librarians can easily explain the fundamentals of the system in a few minutes.

Web sites (unless they are online versions of printed journals or peer reviewed online journals) are not authoritative sources. Therefore, they should not be relied upon as a source for research information, definitions, or tests. They may be used to illustrate a point or give an example of a phenomenon.
CRITERIA FOR EVALUATING A RESEARCH STUDY

Questions to ask yourself about the research studies you will be reading in preparation for your project:

Review of the literature:

1. Is the review recent?
2. Is the literature reviewed relevant?
3. Are there outstanding references you know of that were left out?

Problem and the purpose:

1. Is the statement of the problem clear?
2. Is the purpose of the study stated clearly?
3. Is there a theoretical rationale in which the hypotheses/research questions are grounded?
4. Is there a rationale for why the study was an important one to do?

Hypothesis/research question:

1. Are the hypotheses/research questions clearly stated?
2. Are the hypotheses testable?
3. Is the predicted relationship among the variables clear?

Method:

1. Are both the independent and dependent variables clearly defined?
2. Is the methodology (how the study was conducted) clear?

Sample:

1. Was the sample selected in such a way as to be representative of the population?
2. How was the sample selected?

Results and discussion:

1. Are the findings related back to studies discussed in the review of the literature?
2. Are the results related to hypothesis/research question?
3. Is the discussion of the results consistent with the results?

General features of the report:

1. Is it clearly written and understandable?
2. Is the language biased?
3. What are the strengths and weaknesses of the report?
GETTING READY TO WRITE

The process of moving from an idea to a well-defined and complete counseling master’s project is sometimes a difficult experience. What students find particularly frustrating is that there is as much rewriting as writing. Below are some things you can do to expedite this process.

1. All students start with a project that is too large. Narrow the scope. Ask your chair for assistance in narrowing down your research study.

2. Find other graduate students at the same point in the process and form a support group. In addition to getting moral support and encouragement, you can also ask them to look at your writing during its development and give you feedback on content, format, and writing style.

3. Good self-discipline reduces the amount of time needed. If you are not an organized person who can work independently without supervision, then you have to alter your behavior at least temporarily—accurate and complete records need to be maintained, which include a coding/filing system and log of materials read. In addition, it helps if you plan your daily and weekly work in advance by establishing tasks for the week and setting aside times when you will work on the project.

4. Set up a system to expedite your chair’s response time. Schedule regular appointments with your chair. Provide your chair with all work you have completed (and any prior drafts, if you are rewriting) several days before the meeting with a note asking your chair to return your work with comments at the meeting. If any of the writing/rewriting process is being done through the mail, include a stamped self-addressed envelope for the return of materials.

5. Set up your own timeline for completion of the different parts of your thesis or project. Allot an amount of time for the initial literature review (you will continue to review the literature throughout the counseling master’s project process), instrument selection/development, piloting the instrument and/or procedure, data collection, data analysis, writing up the results, and proofreading, rewriting and editing.

6. Remember that all graduate students get discouraged at times, but try not to let it interrupt your progress. Schedule activities that are personally rewarding, use your support group, and talk to your chair who probably had his or her own days of frustration doing research.

7. As you write your document, you may find some of these ideas helpful:
   Your writing style needs to be:
   - Written in the first or third person
   - Clear and concise (yet often redundant).
   - Non-biased (avoid editorializing and judgments).
   - Adequately and appropriately cited.
   - Straight forward (non-creative).
If this writing style is difficult for you, the following suggestions might help:

- Check out counseling master’s projects from the library that are well written. Study the style and format.
- Use one or more writing reference guides.
- From the guides, make up a simple checklist to follow.
- Exchange papers with a fellow student and proofread each other’s work.
- Keep your growing list of resources and references in an organized system such as a database or using file cards, or use the system specified by your instructor (for example, a Research Study File).
- Purchase the most current *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (APA Manual), *(APA Publication Manual, 6th ed., 2010)* in the bookstore and use the APA format for reference material (e.g., author, year, title). This saves time later on when you list these in the reference section of your paper. APA Style software is also available for purchase.
- Research of the literature should be intriguing but will undoubtedly be time consuming. Set aside large segments of time for library work, some of which can now be completed at home by using the Saint Mary’s College library website. If you feel a source is a useful one, make a copy. It is particularly frustrating to find you don't have the reference information needed once you are writing.
- Reference lists at the end of significant periodical articles may be valuable sources of information. They are usually current and related to the article’s topic.
- Make timelines for yourself, revise as necessary, but commit to meeting them. Make a long range, general timeline and a specific, detailed, weekly timeline.
- Purdue University offers an Online Writing Lab to assist you with APA Style and to provide other writing resources. The lab can be found at http://owl.english.purdue.edu/
YOUR COMMITTEE

To assist in developing your counseling master’s project, a faculty chairperson and a faculty reader are necessary to guide you throughout the process, beginning when you have decided on the general area of your study or project. At least one member of your committee should be a full-time faculty member in your program or the Kalmanovitz School of Education. Contact your advisor and/or program coordinator to assist in selecting a chair and reader. Your EDUC 572 instructor will also assist you in this process. The ideal chair is both interested in your topic and competent to supervise the development of that topic into an acceptable study/project proposal. It also helps if you feel that your chair cares about your personal and professional development.

1. A chair must be willing to read succeeding drafts of the proposal during the development stage, make comments, and return the drafts to you promptly (expect a minimum of two weeks for a chapter) so that you can continue to move forward.

2. A chair must also be willing and able to protect you from unreasonable demands made by other committee members.

3. Ideally, your chair has had previous experience with both the topic and the research methodology (if needed).

4. Readers should be compatible with your chair and with each other.

5. Ideally, committee members are selected because of the potential benefits they can bring to your study (e.g., statistical expertise, familiarity with the literature, editorial board membership of a journal in which you hope to someday publish your findings).

6. When considering a chair and committee members, try to find out about upcoming sabbatical leaves or any other circumstances that might affect members’ availability.

7. If a chair or reader declines, try to not take it personally. The faculty members have many responsibilities (e.g., teaching, administrative, committees). You want a chair and reader who have the time to support you.

8. Should you have particular difficulty working with either your chair or a committee member (e.g., he or she does not read, comment on, or return chapter drafts within two weeks) then:

   (a) Send notice in advance that materials are being sent to be read;

   (b) Schedule regular appointments and ask at those meetings for a firm commitment as to a date on which your materials will be read and returned to you; and

   (c) Keep working.

If the difficulties continue, you may contact your adviser and/or Program Coordinator to discuss changing your chairperson.
9. Once the chair and readers(s) have agreed to work with you, have them sign the “Initial Chair and Reader Approval Sheet” (Appendix A) and submit a copy to your committee members, your program coordinator, the Associate Dean’s Assistant and your EDUC 572 instructor. Be sure to keep a copy for yourself.
ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHAIRS AND READERS

RESPONSIBILITIES OF YOUR CHAIR

- Provides ongoing support for you throughout the entire thesis development, implementation, and writing process.
  - This support will include:
    - Suggestions of resources and names of significant researchers in the field of study.
    - The establishment of a Master’s Workflow Contract (see Appendix B) between the student, chair, and reader
    - The identification of goals and objectives for thesis completion each term you are enrolled
    - The development of a timeline to finish your project
    - Regular communication either in person or online (as specified in your Master’s Workflow Contract)

- Reviews drafts of each chapter first and then indicates when the draft is ready to be sent to the reader. Your chair provides both positive and constructive feedback.
  - You, your chair, and your reader are a team. Best practices in the review by chairs include:
    - Chair is responsible for overseeing the process of reviewing drafts
    - In the typical sequence the following steps are followed:
      1) Chair reviews drafts first and provides feedback to student
      2) Student incorporates feedback from the Chair
      3) Chair gives the ok to send the draft to the reader
      4) The student sends the draft to the reader and copies the chair
      5) The reader sends feedback to the student and copies the chair
      6) The student incorporates feedback from the reader
      7) The student sends the revised draft to the chair

- Handles any differences of opinion or conflicts between you and the reader.

- Oversees finalization of the thesis document
  - Reviews final draft and provides positive, constructive feedback
  - Chair approves document and APA formatting, signs signature page, and gives to front desk

RESPONSIBILITIES OF YOUR READER

- The reader should read the thesis at three time points:
  - Completion of Chapter I
  - Completion of Chapters I, II & III (proposal)
  - Completion of Chapters I, II, IV, & V (complete draft of thesis)

- Provides suggestions of sources and significant researchers for the candidate to read.
- Reviews final draft and provides positive, constructive feedback.

- After approval by Chair, signs the signature page indicating final approval of the document.

- Reader notifies Chair of approval of the document.

- Maintains communication with Chair regarding the document.
MEETING WITH YOUR COMMITTEE

1. Once you have defined your topic, meet with faculty who have expertise in your topic as early in the program as possible. Have them help you define your topic further. Ask for names of key researchers in the field as well as other resources.

2. Schedule meetings with committee members as needed. Graduate students have different styles of working. If you work best with deadlines, schedule appointments approximately every three weeks with your chair. You can cancel them if necessary, but these meetings will help you stay on task. Be sure to send your chair the next draft at least two weeks ahead of your meeting so you have something concrete to discuss when meeting in person. Check with your committee members about whether they prefer to receive your drafts in hard-copy or via e-mail. **Always include the previous draft with the updated, revised edition.**

3. Your chair will read your counseling master’s project and return it to you with comments at the time of the meeting.

4. The scholarly dialogue that occurs between you and your committee members facilitates the professional growth of everyone. Don’t hesitate to disagree with your committee members on substantive issues if you have a rationale to support your point of view.

5. Be sure to take careful notes or tape record during these meetings to help you remember what was said and what you need to do next.

6. If your chair and reader disagree, tell your chair that “there seems to be a difference of opinion. Will you please work with the reader to resolve it and let me know the outcome?” Don’t get caught in the middle of the conflict.
ENROLLING IN THE FINAL COURSE:

COUNSELING MASTER’S PROJECT (COUN 550)

After the proposal has been approved, enroll in COUN 550. This is not a traditional course but meetings conducted independently with your chairperson and reader(s). During this class (and in subsequent terms, if necessary), you will complete your project and then complete writing the counseling master’s project. Your committee will read, edit, and evaluate each draft of your work in the areas of content, style, form, and language. Expect to revise, retype, and resubmit your paper many times; this is the norm.

When you take COUN 550, the first semester you register for this course you must enroll in COUON 550-01. This course carries the full 3-unit tuition. If you do not complete your counseling project within that semester, you must register for the in progress section (COUN 550-IP) of the course for as many semesters as you need to complete your thesis. This carries a $200 fee each semester you enroll in the course. This in progress status is necessary so that you may continue to confer with your chair and reader and continue to have use of the library facilities.

The APA Manual must be followed for organization of the paper, details of documentation, and writing style. The APA Manual is designed to assist those who are submitting journal articles for publication; therefore, certain modifications can be made for thesis, projects, and other student papers.

Please note for students doing the MA in Counseling, you enroll in COUN 550 for the term in which you are completing your Counseling Master’s Project. You must maintain continuous enrollment if you take longer to complete your project.
MAJOR SECTIONS OF THE COUNSELING MASTER’S PROJECT

Faculty members responsible for reading the counseling master’s project provide details regarding format and style, as well as any needed examples to guide you through the writing process.

In general, the following outline provides the format and conventions that are usually followed. Samples are in the Appendices, as noted.

Title Page (Appendix D)

Copyright Page (Appendix D)

Signature Page (Appendix D)

Abstract (Appendix D)

- One paragraph summary, a maximum of 150 words, of your counseling master’s project that includes the purpose of project, theoretical rationale, and brief description of the proposed application.
- Write this after your study or project has been completed.

Dedication (optional—Appendix D)

Acknowledgements (optional - Appendix D)

Table of Contents (Appendix D)

List of Figures (if any) (Appendix D)

List of Tables (if any) (Appendix D)

Chapter I

Introduction

Introductory paragraph(s) (length to be determined by the topic and with the assistance of the chair) (required).

Background or History of the Problem (this might be an historical perspective, or some basic information about the topic needed to provide context) (required).

Statement of the Problem (here is where you clearly and concisely state the problem you have identified about your particular issue/topic/population) (required).

Purpose and Significance of the Project (here is where you briefly introduce the application you will be describing in Chapter III. This heading may include the overall purpose of your
application, specific goals, basic logistics, and expected significance if your application was to be implemented) (required).

**Theoretical Orientation(s)** (describe which counseling theory or theories you will use in the project) (optional, depending on your topic and application).

**Review Questions** (3-4 questions that will help you organize your literature review—not all papers include review questions, and this is up to you and your chair) (optional).

**Summary** (this is an optional 1-2 paragraph summary of what was presented in the chapter and what is to come in Chapters II, III, and IV) (optional).

**Definition of Terms** (any important concepts or clinical terminology that is specific to your topic should be defined here) (optional, but use if needed).

### Chapter II

**Literature Review**

There is no way to tell you how long a literature review needs to be, but one way of knowing that you have reached what is called “a point of saturation” is to notice when you begin to feel familiar with the main authors and concepts you are finding in the literature.

A review of the literature (theory, research, and practice):

- is a thorough synthesis of published theoretical positions and research studies relevant to your topic or issue (mostly peer-reviewed journal articles, books, and academic or professional electronic sources). *Wikipedia, Newsweek, Psychology Today*, and the like are NOT scholarly references;

- can be organized using your Review Questions and presented in the order of the questions with subcategories, or it might take some other form of organization (e.g., Theory, Research, Practice). Your chair will guide you in this matter;

- includes some extensive reviews of particularly pertinent studies and incorporation of the literature into various sections related to your topic;

- should begin with the most recent studies on the topic (tip: use the reference lists that those authors include in order to build a more comprehensive review);

- often takes a “funnel” shape, starting out broad and becoming more narrow, ending with a justification for the application you will present in Chapter III;

- ends with a conclusion or a paragraph summarizing what was presented and what is to come in Chapters III and IV.
Chapter III

Application

This is your original application, which is designed by you based on the review of the literature that addresses the problem you have identified in Chapter I. Everything in Chapter III needs to be supported by the literature that you reviewed in Chapter II. This is your chance to be creative and design something original! You should write this chapter with enough detail so that someone could read it and do what you propose. Use appendices for materials that are very detailed, or outlines, or handouts, etcetera. The project could be a group, with descriptions of the sessions; an in-service, with a detailed description of the day’s events; a curriculum; or a case study, etcetera. The chapter ends with a conclusion or a summary paragraph and a reference to Chapter IV.

Chapter IV

Discussion

This is a brief chapter that includes the following sections:

• a brief summary of the paper (optional);
• the strengths of the project (optional);
• the limitations of the project;
• implications for counselors;
• suggestions for future research;
• a concluding paragraph.

References

This is a list of all references you have cited in the text of your paper and in any appendices. List in alphabetical order, per APA style. The 6th edition of the APA Publication Manual (2010) provides new lists of how to cite references in text and in the reference list; it extensively covers the wide range of electronic sources now available (see the APA Manual [6th ed.], pages 174-224).

Appendices

Appendices are to be listed in the order in which they are referred to in your paper. Some projects may have numerous appendices, while others may have few to none. If you copy material from other sources in your Appendices, such as a handout or survey, you may also need to obtain and include a letter of permission in the appendix. All sources cited in the appendices need to be in the reference list.
REQUIREMENTS FOR TYPING AND FORMATTING YOUR PROJECT

Note: The information, including formatting instructions, in these Guidelines supersedes any instructions given in previous versions of the Guidelines.

Fonts and Printers: The manuscript must be printed using the same font throughout the document. For consistency, readability, and professional appearance, students are required to use Times New Roman 12 font (required for submission of theses and projects to ProQuest).

Margins: 1 inch on all sides (left, right, top and bottom). Any materials in the appendices that do not meet these specifications should be reduced on a photocopier so that 1" of empty space appears on all sides.

Spacing: The text of the project is to be double-spaced (Exceptions: Table of Contents, indented block quotations, and within references and tables).

Pagination: The front matter (Title page, Copyright page, Signature page, Abstract, Dedication, and Acknowledgements) are NOT given page numbers. Beginning with the Table of Contents, use lowercase Roman numerals starting with "i", and continue with the List of Figures and the List of Tables. The body of the text (Chapter I) begins with Arabic numeral “1” and continues through the References and Appendices. All page numbers are centered at the bottom of the page, no less than 3/4 inch from the bottom of the page. Chapter titles use uppercase Roman numerals (I, II, III, IV).

Title Page: Title should be no more than 80 characters. No page number is given on Title page. Contains title of the work (in title case), the individual Department/School's name, the College's name, the statement of degree fulfillment, the degree given, the student's name, and the term and year the degree will be conferred (e.g., Spring 2015). If you finish your thesis prior to your graduation, put the term and year you completed your thesis on the title page. A sample is provided in Appendix F.

Copyright Page: No page number is given on the page. Sample provided in Appendix F.

Signature Page: No page number is given on the page. Sample provided in Appendix F.

Abstract: Title is bold, upper and lower case (APA Heading Level 1). Length is 150 words maximum. Format is one paragraph, no indentation, double-spaced. There is no page number.

Dedication: Title is bold, upper and lower case (APA heading Level 1). Format is indented paragraph, double-spaced. There is no page number. This page is optional.

Acknowledgements: Title is bold, upper and lower case (APA heading Level 1). Format is indented paragraph, double-spaced. There is no page number. This page is optional.

Table of Contents: Title is bold, upper and lower case (APA heading Level 1). These pages are full justified (even on both left and right sides). Double space between chapter titles, single
space between sections within chapters. Indents, as needed, are 5 spaces. Page numbering begins with lower case Roman numerals, and page numbers are printed bottom center of the pages.

**Headers and Footers:** You do not need headers or footers, except for the page numbers at the bottom center of the page. Do not use running heads.

**ADDITIONAL TIPS**

**Plagiarism:** Be very careful to put things in your own words, using your own syntax, throughout the paper. It can be easy to slip into bad habits around rewording; it is not sufficient to simply replace a few words in a sentence with synonyms.

**Repetition within your paper:** There are places in the paper where you will revisit information from previous chapters. Be sure to do this without lifting entire sentences or paragraphs—reword your own work as well! The exception is when you restate your research question(s).

**Outlining:** If you have not been one to make outlines for papers, now is the time to start! Making a good outline can be extremely useful in organizing your paper and in helping you to focus on what to do next. Review your proposed chapter outlines with your chair before you start writing, to be sure that you are on the right track.

**Keep writing!** Writing is difficult work, and you will have times when you feel stuck. Keep working on something, even if it’s just typing up your references. Another benefit of the outline is that, when you get stuck in one area, you can look at the outline and move to another section that you might find yourself able to write.

**Keep track of references:** Keep good notes about your references so that every reference in your paper is on your References list, and vice-versa. One tip when you get close to being done is to print your References and then search through your paper for the open parenthesis “( )” symbol to double check that every reference on your list is in your paper.

**Direct quotations:** Use these only sparingly and always cite a page number.

**Seriation:** Separate simple series with commas and complex series with semi-colons; use (a), (b), (c) to make the series easier to read.

**Punctuation:** Please review APA pages on punctuation! Students tend to make basic mistakes regarding commas, semi-colons, colons, hyphenation, and apostrophes.

**Your writing style needs to be:**
- In either the first or the third person.
- Clear and concise (yet often redundant).
- Non-biased (avoid editorializing, stating your opinion, and making judgments).
- Adequately and appropriately cited.
• Straight forward (non-creative).
• If you have significant difficulties and/or the chair determines that extensive editing is required, you may be asked to hire an editor; (see Appendix B for a list).

COPYRIGHT

As per the United States Copyright Act of 1976, students automatically hold the copyright to their work. It is illegal for anyone to reproduce any part of the work without the author's permission. So that inherent copyright is explicitly stated, include a copyright notice within your document, immediately following the title page. A sample is provided in Appendix C.

Permissions

If the work includes large sections of other copyrighted works (including, but not limited to, tables, graphs, lists, photos), please submit written permission from the publisher or author with your document. Indicate in the document that the material is "Used with Permission." Materials included that are consistent with "fair use," such as short or standard block quotations, do not need this written permission.
HEADINGS

In the *APA Publication Manual* (2010), see page 62, section 3.03, Levels of Heading, for all of the new 6th ed. requirements for headings. There are five possible heading levels. If you have three levels of headings in your paper, then use Levels 1, 2, and 3. If you have four levels of headings, then use Levels 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Level 1:

**Centered, Boldface, Uppercase and Lowercase Heading**

Level 2:

**Flush left, Boldface, Uppercase and Lowercase Heading**

Level 3:

**Indented, boldface, lowercase paragraph heading ending in a period.**

Level 4:

**Indented, boldface, italicized, lowercase paragraph heading ending in a period.**

Level 5:

**Indented, italicized, lowercase paragraph heading ending in a period.**
Heading Examples

Level 1:

Chapter I

Introduction

Your introductory paragraphs do not have a heading ...........................................

..............................................................................................................................

Level 2:

Background of the Problem

Introductory paragraph for this Level 2 heading. ..................................................

..............................................................................................................................

Level 3:

History of eating disorders. Text of paragraph follows ...................................

..............................................................................................................................

Factors contributing to eating disorders. Text of paragraph follows ..............

..............................................................................................................................

Level 4:

Individual factors. Text of paragraph follows...................................................

..............................................................................................................................

Family systems factors. Text of paragraph follows. If this Level 4 heading has
subheadings, then this is the introductory paragraph...........................................

..............................................................................................................................

Level 5

First subheading of family systems factors. Text of paragraph follows...........

..............................................................................................................................
Chapter I

Formatting and Style Information

The introduction of the paper begins here. Double-space throughout the paper, including the title page, abstract, and the body of the document; some items, such as indented quotations and references, can be single-spaced. Examples of these are included later in these guidelines. The body of each chapter begins on a new page. Subsections of the body of the paper do not begin on a new page. Headings are used to organize the document and reflect the relative importance of sections.

Second Level Heading: Text Citations

Source material must be documented in the body of the paper by citing the author(s) and date(s) of the sources. This is to give proper credit to the ideas and words of others. When in doubt, cite more often. The reader can obtain the full source citation from the list of references that follows the body of the paper. When the names of the authors of a source are part of the formal structure of the sentence, the year of the publication appears in parenthesis following the identification of the authors—for example, Eby and Mitchell (2001). When the authors of a source are not part of the formal structure of the sentence, both the authors and years of publication appear in parentheses, in alphabetical order, separated by semicolons (Eby & Mitchell, 2001; Passerallo, Pearson, & Brock, 2000). When a source that has three, four, five or six authors is cited, all authors are included the first time the source is cited. When that source is cited again, the first author’s surname and “et al.” are used as follows (Passerallo et al., 2000).

Third level heading. When a source that has two authors is cited, both authors are cited every time. If there are seven or more authors to be cited, use the first author’s surname and “et al.” the first and each subsequent time it is cited. Although direct quotations are rarely used in an
academic paper, when a direct quotation is used, always include the author(s), year, and page number as part of the citation. A quotation of fewer than 40 words should be enclosed in double quotation marks and should be incorporated into the formal structure of the sentence. A longer quote of 40 or more words should appear (without quotes) in block format, single spaced, with each line indented five spaces from the left margin.

**Fourth level heading.** The References section begins on a new page. The heading is a Level 1 heading: Centered, Boldface, Uppercase and Lowercase Heading. The references (with hanging indent) begin on the line following the references heading. Single space within each reference, and double space between references. Entries are organized alphabetically by surnames of first authors. Most reference entries have three components: author(s), year of publication, and source reference. *Authors* are listed in the same order as specified in the source, using surnames and initials. Commas separate all authors, even for an entry with two authors. If no author is identified, the title of the document begins the reference. *Year of publication* is in parenthesis following authors, with a period following the closing parenthesis. If no publication date is identified, use “n.d.” in parenthesis following the authors. For journal articles, the *source references* include the title of article, journal, volume, and page numbers. For books, *source references* include the title of the book, city and state of publication, and publisher. Titles of books and journal articles are only capitalized for the first letter of the first word, the first letter of the first word after a colon, and any proper nouns (see References, below, for examples).

**Fifth level heading.** Is italicized and not bolded.
APPENDICES

Appendix A
Initial Chair and Reader Approval Sheet

Appendix B
Master’s Workflow Contract

Appendix C
List of Editors, Statisticians, and Writing Tutors

Appendix D
Sample Front Matter Pages

Appendix E
Sample References

Appendix F
Master’s Thesis 2014-2015 Deadlines

Appendix G
Flowchart for Thesis Completion Process and ProQuest Upload

Appendix H
Front Matter Checklist

Appendix I
Directions for Submitting Your Master’s Degree Manuscript to ProQuest

Appendix J
Binding Options Other Than ProQuest
Appendix A

Initial Chair & Reader Approval Sheet

NAME: __________________________________ PROGRAM: _______________________

EMAIL: ______________________________ TELEPHONE NUMBER: _______________________

I plan to complete a:  □ Thesis    □ Synthesis Project    □ Counseling Project  □ CPCE

My topic: ____________________________________________

______________________________________________________________________________

______________________________________________________________________________

______________________________________________________________________________

Students cannot enroll in EDUC 572 Research Seminar I or MATS 530 Introduction to Classroom Research without passing the Writing Proficiency Exam. After the initial enrollment in the final course (e.g., EDUC 592, EDUC 597, COUN 550, MATS 532, MONT 599), students must register as “In Progress” during each 14 week semester until completion. A five year maximum is permitted for a master’s degree program. To participate in the commencement activities, a Commencement Registration Form and degree processing fee must be submitted by the second Friday in March of the year of graduation (for a May graduation date).

CHAIRPERSON __________________________  READER __________________________

Print Name  Print Name

________________________________________  ________________________________
Chairperson’s Signature  Reader’s Signature

Program Coordinator signature: __________________________  Date: __________________________

Student signature:: __________________________  Date: __________________________

** Seven copies should be made: for the chair, the reader, the student, the student’s file, the Associate Dean’s Assistant, the Counseling Department Manager, and the EDUC 572 instructor.
Appendix B

Master’s Workflow Contract

Instructions for use
This contract is meant to guide work in EDUC 578, EDUC 592, EDUC 597, COUN 550, MONT 599, and/or MATS 532. Students may also want to use this form to guide their work in EDUC 572 and EDUC 582. This contract is designed to support a timeline for completion of the final master’s document (e.g., thesis, synthesis project, counseling project, action research project, etc.). Use this as a way to draft the tasks necessary to complete the different aspects of the final master’s document and to plan the amount of time for completion. In addition, this contract is meant to support communication between students and the faculty chair to ensure a strong working relationship. This document should be updated regularly with each communication between student and faculty chair.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Plan for task completion</th>
<th>Estimated number of hours for task completion (including turnaround time)</th>
<th>Plan for communication (i.e. face-to-face conversations, email, phone calls)</th>
<th>Deadline for completion</th>
<th>Completed (check when completed)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Use as many rows as needed*

This contract signifies that we have discussed the tasks, the deadlines, the plan for completion of your master’s thesis or project and the plan for communication. We will work cooperatively to complete and meet all deadlines.

Student ___________________________ Date____________________________
Print name
______________________________
Signature
____________________________

Chair ___________________________ Date____________________________
Print name
______________________________
Signature
____________________________

35
# Appendix C

## List of Editors, Statisticians, and Writing Tutors

### Editors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Michele Anderson</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Mcanderson25@mac.com">Mcanderson25@mac.com</a> 415-407-2620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ken Worthy</td>
<td><a href="mailto:kw@worthyediting.com">kw@worthyediting.com</a> <a href="http://worthyediting.com">http://worthyediting.com</a> (for more information and samples)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editcetera</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Barbara@editcetera.com">Barbara@editcetera.com</a> 510-849-1110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lynna Tsou</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lyna@berkeley.edu">lyna@berkeley.edu</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Statisticians

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carolyn Hartsough</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Carolynh@socrates.berkeley.edu">Carolynh@socrates.berkeley.edu</a> 510.548.5027</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bruce Ingraham</td>
<td><a href="mailto:bai1@stmarys-ca.edu">bai1@stmarys-ca.edu</a> 510-527-5625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renate Otterbach</td>
<td><a href="mailto:otterbach@usfca.edu">otterbach@usfca.edu</a> 925.422.2999 (O) 415.586.4796 (H)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Writing Tutors (These tutors are not APA specialists)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Betty Amarant</td>
<td><a href="mailto:bamarant@stmarys-ca.edu">bamarant@stmarys-ca.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aline Cook</td>
<td><a href="mailto:alinecook@hotmail.com">alinecook@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chris Correale</td>
<td><a href="mailto:cfcl@stmarys-ca.edu">cfcl@stmarys-ca.edu</a> 415-244-6817</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andy Crockett</td>
<td><a href="mailto:andycrockett@hotmail.com">andycrockett@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jenny Haele</td>
<td><a href="mailto:kailo6@yahoo.com">kailo6@yahoo.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Hedges</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ateach@pacbell.net">ateach@pacbell.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nanci Higgins</td>
<td><a href="http://www.NanciHiggins.com">www.NanciHiggins.com</a> <a href="mailto:NanciHiggins@yahoo.com">NanciHiggins@yahoo.com</a> 925-915-9778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LeAnn McGinley</td>
<td><a href="mailto:1kmcginley@sbcglobal.net">1kmcginley@sbcglobal.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lisa Shafer</td>
<td>510-759-7185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cate Sundling</td>
<td><a href="mailto:catesam@sbcglobal.net">catesam@sbcglobal.net</a> 925-212-9892</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix D

Sample Front Matter Pages
Type your Title in Title Case Here: No More than 80 Characters, Including Spaces

A Master’s Project

Presented to

The Faculty of the Kalmanovitz School of Education

Saint Mary’s College of California

In Partial Fulfillment

of the Requirements for the Degree

Master of Arts

By

Your Name

Spring 2015
This master’s project, written under the direction of the candidate’s master’s project advisory committee and approved by members of the committee, has been presented to and accepted by the faculty of the Kalmanovitz School of Education, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master of Arts degree.

Candidate: Your Name Here

Date

Master’s Project Advisory Committee:

Chair: Name, Highest Degree

Date

Reader: Name, Highest Degree

Date

Program Coordinator: Name, Highest Degree

Date

Dean: Christopher Sindt, Ph.D.

Date
Abstract

Complete Title of Synthesis Project
By
John Doe
Degree Name in Specialization
Saint Mary’s College of California, 2015
Jane Doe, Chair

Your abstract will be here. It should be typed as a left-justified double-spaced block paragraph with no indentation. It should be no more than 150 words.
Dedication

Write Dedication in indented paragraphs. Double spaced. No minimum or maximum characters or words. This page is optional. There is no page number on this page, although the page is counted in the front matter.
Acknowledgements

Write Acknowledgements in indented paragraphs. Double spaced. No minimum or maximum characters or words. This page is optional. There is no page number on this page, although the page is counted in the front matter.
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List of Figures</th>
<th>iv</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>List of Tables</td>
<td>v</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Chapter

### I. Introduction
- Background of the Problem ................................................................. 3
- Statement of the Problem ............................................................................ 6
- Purpose and Significance of the Project .................................................... 7
- Theoretical Orientation (optional) .............................................................. 8
- Review Questions (optional) ........................................................................ 10
- Summary (optional) ..................................................................................... 12
- Definition of Terms (if needed) ................................................................. 12

### II. Literature Review
- Historical Impediments to Women’s Career Success .................................. 14
- Sociopsychological barriers ....................................................................... 19
- Gender role socialization ........................................................................... 21
- Female self-concept .................................................................................... 24
- Achievement Motivation ............................................................................. 30
- Family Influence ......................................................................................... 34
- Structural Barriers ..................................................................................... 38
- Summary ..................................................................................................... 40

### III. Application
- Group Structure .......................................................................................... 41
- Group Membership ....................................................................................... 42
- Formation and Recruitment ......................................................................... 42
- Group Sessions ............................................................................................ 44
- Termination .................................................................................................. 48
- Summary ..................................................................................................... 49

### IV. Discussion
- Overview of Project (brief/optional) ............................................................ 50
- Strengths of Proposed Project (optional) ....................................................... 52
- Limitations of Proposed Project ................................................................... 53
- Implications for Counselors ......................................................................... 54
- Recommendations for Future Research ....................................................... 55
- Conclusion .................................................................................................... 57
References........................................................................................................................................60

Appendices.......................................................................................................................................65

A. Group Contract .................................................................................................................................66
B. Group Goals .......................................................................................................................................67
C. Session Outlines ...............................................................................................................................68
List of Figures

Figure

1. Caption of Figure ................................................................................................................................52
List of Tables

Table

1. Title of Table .................................................................................................................. 52
Appendix E

References


### Appendix F

**Master’s Thesis 2014-2015 Deadlines**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DEADLINE DATES FOR DEGREE PROGRAMS</th>
<th>SUMMER 2014 DEGREE DEADLINES</th>
<th>FALL 2014 DEGREE DEADLINES</th>
<th>JAN 2015 DEGREE DEADLINES</th>
<th>SPRING 2015 DEGREE DEADLINES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUBMIT COMMENCEMENT REGISTRATION FORM AND PAY COMMENCEMENT AND DEGREE PROCESSING FEE TO FRONT DESK</td>
<td>8/22/14</td>
<td>12/12/14</td>
<td>2/6/15</td>
<td>3/13/15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBMIT FINAL DRAFT OF THESIS/PROJECT TO CHAIR/RESEARCH ADVISOR</td>
<td>7/15/14</td>
<td>11/4/14</td>
<td>1/6/15</td>
<td>4/8/15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBMIT CHAIR-APPROVED DRAFT OF THESIS/PROJECT TO READER/FACULTY ADVISOR</td>
<td>7/31/14</td>
<td>11/18/14</td>
<td>1/13/15</td>
<td>4/22/15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBMIT FINAL COPY* OF THESIS/PROJECT TO CHAIR FOR FINAL CHECK AND SIGNATURES</td>
<td>8/12/14</td>
<td>12/2/14</td>
<td>1/27/15</td>
<td>5/15/15</td>
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<tr>
<td>UPLOAD FINAL/THESIS/PROJECT TO PROQUEST**</td>
<td>8/22/14</td>
<td>12/12/14</td>
<td>2/6/15</td>
<td>5/25/15</td>
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</table>

* Final Copy is approved by Chair and Reader or Research and Faculty Advisor and only formatting changes can be made after this point.

** After upload to ProQuest and after grades are posted, submit Degree Verification Petition Form along with required documents (ProQuest receipt, signature page, and unofficial transcript) to the front desk in order to process degree.

In order to participate in the May 2015 Commencement, you must meet all Spring deadline dates. If you complete program requirements earlier in the year, you may still participate in May Commencement activities. You are still required to meet the other respective deadlines.
Appendix G

Flowchart for Thesis Completion Process and ProQuest Upload

This flowchart is designed to show you the process for completing the final version of your thesis document and then uploading it to ProQuest. Use the Front Matter Checklist (Appendix J) to make sure that you have formatted the front matter pages correctly. A sample is also included in this booklet (see Appendix F). Note that your Chair is responsible for ensuring that your document is in APA format and that the Office of Graduate and Professional Studies will conduct a check of the front matter using the checklist in Appendix J. If your document is not formatted correctly when the GPS Office checks it, you will need to upload a revised version to ProQuest.
Appendix H

Front Matter Checklist

I. **General APA Guidelines**
   - □ Double-spaced on standard-sized paper (8.5” x 11”)
   - □ 1” margins on all sides
   - □ 12 pt. Times New Roman font
   - □ Page numbers are centered in footer (below bottom margin)
   - □ Do not use running heads anywhere in the document

II. **Correct Order of Major Front Matter Sections**
   - □ 1. Title Page (not numbered but counted; i)
   - □ 2. Copyright Page (not numbered but counted; ii)
   - □ 3. Signature Page (not numbered but counted; iii)
   - □ 4. Abstract (not numbered but counted; iv)
   - □ 5. Dedication (optional; not numbered but counted; v)
   - □ 6. Acknowledgements (optional; not numbered but counted; vi)
   - □ 7. Table of Contents (first page in front matter with a page number; vii)
   - □ 8. List of Figures (if any figures are used; number at bottom of page)
   - □ 9. List of Tables (if any tables are used; number at bottom of page)

III. **Title Page**
   - □ 1. Title is centered on the page
   - □ 2. Title is in Title Case format (not bolded, underlined, italicized, or in caps).
   - □ 3. College name is listed and written as “Saint Mary’s College of California”
   - □ 4. Degree Name is listed
   - □ 5. Author’s name is listed
   - □ 6. Date of degree is the term and year of completion of degree requirements (e.g., Spring 2013)
   - □ 7. Title page counted but is not numbered

IV. **Copyright Page**
   - □ 1. Copyright page is counted but not numbered
   - □ 2. Information below is centered and located approximately three-fourths of the distance down the page:
   - □

         Copyright © 2012 by John Doe
         All Rights Reserved

V. **Signature Page**
   - □ 1. Signature page is counted but not numbered
   - □ 2. Page includes blanks for the following names, in this order:
     - Candidate, Committee Members (including Chair), Program Coordinator, Dean
   - □ 3. Names and titles are typed underneath each blank
4. Highest degree for each committee member/administrator is included after the name
5. Signatures are NOT included

VI. Abstract
1. Abstract page is counted but not numbered
2. Abstract is typed as a left-justified double-spaced block paragraph (no indentation)
3. Abstract page begins with the title Abstract centered and bolded at the top
4. As shown below, after Abstract type the additional information about the thesis or dissertation (centered, not bolded)

Abstract
Complete Title of Thesis or Dissertation
by
John Doe
Degree Name in Specialization
Saint Mary’s College of California, 2014
Jane Doe, Chair

5. The Abstract is limited to 150 words for MA theses and projects. The Abstract is limited to 250 words for dissertations.

VII. Dedication and/or Acknowledgements
1. Dedication and/or Acknowledgements pages are optional
2. If used, Dedication page goes after the Abstract and begins with title Dedication centered and bolded at the top
3. If used, Acknowledgement page goes after the Dedication (or after the Abstract, if there is no Dedication) and begins with the title Acknowledgements centered and bolded at the top
4. If used, Dedication and/or Acknowledgements pages counted but not numbered.

VIII. Table of Contents
1. Table of Contents page begins with title Table of Contents centered and bolded at the top
2. Table of Contents page is printed with lowercase Roman numeral in the footer (bottom center), following in sequence from the Abstract and Dedication and/or Acknowledgements (if used)
3. Formatted in the following manner:
   a. After the title Table of Contents list the remaining Front Matter sections in the following order:
      b. List of Figures, List of Tables
   c. Front Matter section titles are Title Case at left margin, with the appropriate page number, in lowercase Roman numerals, right-justified (at right margin)
Next, list the Main Text sections in the following order:

- Chapter, References, Appendix or Appendices (if any)
- Chapter headings are capitalized at left margin, with no page number listed on the right margin
- Chapter titles begin with uppercase Roman numerals indented 5 spaces from the left margin, followed by chapter name in Title Case (eg, “II. Literature Review”)
- Level 2 subheadings within chapters are in Title Case, indented an additional 5 spaces, with no Roman numerals. Level 3 or more subheadings are not shown in the Table of Contents
- All Main Text sections, chapters, and subheadings are shown with the appropriate page number, as an Arabic numeral, right-justified (at right margin)

IX. List of Figures
1. Page begins with the title “List of Figures” centered and bolded at the top.
2. Page is printed with lowercase Roman numeral in the footer (bottom center), following in sequence from the Table of Contents
3. Formatted in the following manner:
   - After the title “List of Figures,” begin with the word “Figure” at the left margin
   - For each figure, indent 5 spaces and give the number of the figure, followed by the caption of the figure in Title Case, followed by appropriate Arabic page numbers right-justified at the right margin

X. List of Tables
1. Page begins with the title “List of Tables” centered and bolded at the top.
2. Page is printed with lowercase Roman numeral in the footer (bottom center), following in sequence from the Table of Contents and Table of Figures (if any)
3. Formatted in the following manner:
   - After the title “List of Tables,” begin with the word “Table” at the left margin
   - For each table, indent 5 spaces and give the number of the figure, followed by the title of the table in Title Case, followed by appropriate Arabic page numbers right-justified at the right margin

XI. Rest of the Document
1. First page of the document begins with an Arabic numeral 1
2. References and Appendices have page numbers that are numbered sequentially with the text
3. Each Appendix must have a title
Appendix I

Directions for Submitting Your Master’s Degree Manuscript to ProQuest

1. Go to ProQuest website for Saint Mary’s College of California:
   www.etdadmin.com/stmarysca

2. Click on the Resources and Guidelines tab on the blue bar. Review the information to make sure you have accurately formatted your manuscript carefully by going to the following links:
   a. Publishing Guides:
      i. Preparing your manuscript for submission (including supplemental files)

3. Make sure you accurately format your manuscript by following the instructions for embedding the fonts and then save it in PDF format.
   a. Your chair should review the PDF that you are submitting to ProQuest to ensure that your project is free of errors in APA style and writing mechanics and that it represents the high standards and quality of the GCP/KSOE/SMC.
   b. You may make changes to your PDF even after you have submitted it to ProQuest.
   c. Once you upload your PDF to ProQuest the front matter will be reviewed by the staff in the Graduate and Professional Studies (GPS) office.
   d. If there are errors in the front matter the GPS office staff member will ask you to revise the PDF and then re-upload the revised PDF to ProQuest
   e. Final delivery of your PDF to ProQuest is made by the staff of the GPS office pending their approval of the front matter and your completion of all degree requirements.

4. Before uploading your manuscript, make sure that you have the following information or files at your finger tips:
   a. The manuscript saved in PDF
   b. Abstract
   c. Optional supplementary files (images, data)
   d. Your chair and reader’s names, and the name of the KSOE Dean
   e. Subject category (School of Education)

5. Click on Submitting Your Dissertation/Thesis tab on the blue bar; OR on the HOME tab on the blue bar.
   a. You will need to set up an account with an ID and password.
      i. You will need this information in the future to view or revise an existing submission.
6. Once you are in the submission site, you will be walked through a step-by-step process of submitting your manuscript and answering questions related to:

   a. Your publishing option: The details for the various options are explained on the site; some options have a fee and some do not.
   b. Copyright choice: The details for the various options are explained on the site; some options have a fee and some do not.
   c. Contact information
   d. Requests for ordering bound copies of your thesis.

7. KSOE does not require students to purchase bound copies of your thesis for the library or program.

8. You have a number of choices if you want to order copies for yourself through ProQuest.
   a. The details for the various options are explained on the site, and the costs vary among the options.
   b. Please note that you will not be paying for paper or duplicating, as these are included in the fee.
   c. You will have to pay for all copies by credit card

9. Copies you order for yourself through ProQuest will be sent directly to you at the address you give to ProQuest.

10. The digital copy in ProQuest serves as the required official copy for both the Kalmanovitz School of Education and the Library. SMC faculty and students can access the full text of digital theses and dissertations, both by searching directly in the ProQuest database and by linking from the listing in the Library catalogue.

It can take up to 8-12 weeks before your master’s thesis/project is available through ProQuest. We assume it will take the same amount of time to receive your bound copies.
Appendix K

Binding Options Other than ProQuest

Bound copies of your thesis must be done through ProQuest. Additional copies for yourself may be done through ProQuest or a bindery of your choice. Below are some resources for binderies:

Trappist Abbey Bookbindery
P.O. Box 97
Lafayette, OR 97127
(503) 852-0106
Email: bindery@trappistabbey.org
Web: http://www.trappistabbey.org/bindery.html

To locate other binderies look online or the San Francisco Bay Area telephone books.